

Energetic Utilization of Biomass from Rewetted Peatlands at a 800 kW Heating Plant for Community Heating in Malchin RRR2021 - Virtual conference on "Renewable resources from wet and rewetted peatlands" Greifswald, March 9th - 11th 2021

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- Project introduction (BOnaMoor)
- Characterization of the used biomass fuels
- Results of the measurement campaign at the biomass heating plant in Malchin (Northern Germany)



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Project Introduction (1/2)

Project Title:

"Optimization of Biomass Production and Thermal Utilization of Biomass from Rewetted Peatlands", (BOnaMoor)

Project Partner:Institute for Botany and Landscape Ecology,
Greifswald University (Germany)HTW Berlin – University of Applied Sciences (Germany)

Project Duration: 11/2018-10/2021

Funded by the German Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture - BMEL (FNR Project, FKZ 22404418)



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Project Introduction (2/2)

Main Objective of the Project:

- Development of sustainable and economically viable cultivation systems and value chains for biomass produced on wet peatlands (WP Greifswald University)
- Optimization of the production of renewable resources on wet peatlands (WP Greifswald University)
- Optimization of the thermal utilization of wetland biomass (WP HTW Berlin)



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Characterization of the Biomass Fuels (1/3)

Plant Species

Common Reed:

- Productivity : 3.6 43.5 (Ø 12.0) t_{DM} /(ha*a)
- Energy potential: 17.5 210 (Ø 60) MWh/(ha*a)

Reed Canary Grass:

- Productivity : 3.5 22.5 (Ø 6.0) t_{DM}/(ha*a)
- Energy potential: 16,7 61 MWh/(ha*a)

Sedges:

- Productivity : 3.3 12 (Ø 6.0) t_{DM}/(ha*a)
- Energy potential: 16,7 61 MWh/(ha*a)





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Characterization of the Biomass Fuels (2/3)

Impact of fuel characteristics on the combustion process

	Impact on the combustion process				
Chemical composition					
С, Н, О	Caloric value, equivalent air ratio, energy output				
S, N, Cl	Emission of pollutants, corrosion, material cost				
Mg, K, Ca	Ash content, ash melting behavior, ash utilization opportunities				
Fuel quality parameters					
Heating value	Energy content, fuel demand and design of the boiler				
Water content	Energy content, combustion temperature, fuel storage risks				
Volatile matter and fixed carbon	Reaction rate, combustion temperature and combustion burnout				
content	times, design of the boiler				
Ash content	PM emission, ash quantity and utilization opportunities				
Physical/mechanical properties					
Particle size	Reaction rate, combustion temperature and combustion burnout				
	times, design of the boiler				
Bulk density	Fuel transportation and storage				



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Characterization of the Biomass Fuels (3/3)

- To provide a standardized fuel and to reduce storage and transport costs the fuels were compressed into densified fuel products (pellets)
- Pellets, produced from common reed, reed canary grass and sedges were used for initial combustion experiments in a commercial biomass heating plants in Malchin, Northern Germany
- These pellets have uniform size and shape (Ø 8 mm, L 10 20 mm) and are characterized by a low water content and a high energy density.

Sample	Reed	RCG	Sedges
Caloric value (wf) in MJ/kg	18.65	18.5	18.19
Bulk density in kg/m ³	613	604	616
Energy density in MJ/m ³	11,432.5	11,174	11,205



Energy content and bulk density of different wetland biomass pellets used for	
combustion experiments in Malchin	

	TGA Analysis results in %			Elementary composition in %						
	Water	Volatiles	C _{fix}	Ash	С	н	Ν	0	S	Cl
Sedges	6.92	76.76	9.37	6.97	47.8	5.8	1.0	37.7	0.2	0.5
RCG	6.07	78.42	10.36	5.51	46.7	6.0	0.9	40.2	0.2	0.8
Reed	5.16	82.41	7.88	4.54	47.2	5.8	0.7	41.6	0.1	0.04

Composition of different wetland biomass pellets used for combustion experiments in Malchin



Combustion Experiments



800 kW heating plant in Malchin (LINKA-Boiler)



Sampling point outside

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15 kW Pellet boiler for small scale combustion experiments



Flue gas analyzer (SM 6000)

Sampling point inside



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Results of the measurement campaign at the biomass heating plant in Malchin using pelletized Biomass

Flue gas componentEmission limit valueCO in g/m³0.25NOx in g/m³0.5TOC in mg/m³50PM in mg/m³50

Emision values combustion experiments Malchin 20,00 550,00 18,00 450.00 16,00 in mg/m³ 14,00 % 350,00 02, CO2 in 12,00 250,00 10,00 CO, NOX, TOC 8,00 150,00 6,00 4,00 50,00 2,00 -50,00 0,00 10:42:02 10:51:02 11:00:02 11:27:02 11:30:02 10:15:02 10:18:02 10:03:02 10:30:02 10:33:02 10:36:02 10:39:02 0:45:02 0:48:02 10:54:02 10:57:02 11:03:02 1:06:02 1:09:02 11:12:02 11:15:02 11:18:02 11:21:02 11:24:02 10:00:02 10:06:02 10:09:02 10:12:02 10:21:02 10:24:02 10:27:02 Achsentitel NOx TOC Temp. FG [°C] 02 CO2 CO [Vol.-%] [Vol.-%] $[mg/m^3]$ $[mg/m^3]$ $[mg/m^3]$

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Sampling point outside



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Results of the measurement campaign at the biomass heating plant in Malchin (Febr. 19th 2019)

Combustion prozess









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Results of the measurement campaign at the biomass heating plant in Malchin using sedge bales

Flue gas component	Emission limit value
CO in g/m ³	0.25
NOx in g/m ³	0.5
TOC in mg/m ³	50
PM in mg/m ³	50

Sampling point outside

Emision values combustion experiments Malchin, February 2020 (Sedge bales)





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Results of the measurement campaign at the biomass heating plant in Malchin (Febr. 05th 2020)

Combustion process



We are still working on measures to optimize the combustion process by:

- modified combustion air ratios
- constructive modifications in the burning chamber
- usage of improved fuel qualities





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Thank you very much for your attention contact: barz@htw-berlin.de

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